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NEWS
                 Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
NEWS
      2
                 "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
NEWS
      3 FEB 27
                 New STN AnaVist pricing effective March 1, 2006
NEWS
      4 MAY 10
                 CA/CAplus enhanced with 1900-1906 U.S. patent records
      5 MAY 11
NEWS
                 KOREAPAT updates resume
      6 MAY 19
                 Derwent World Patents Index to be reloaded and enhanced
NEWS
NEWS
      7 MAY 30
                 IPC 8 Rolled-up Core codes added to CA/CAplus and
                 USPATFULL/USPAT2
NEWS
      8 MAY 30
                 The F-Term thesaurus is now available in CA/CAplus
NEWS 9 JUN 02
                 The first reclassification of IPC codes now complete in
                 INPADOC
NEWS 10 JUN 26
                 TULSA/TULSA2 reloaded and enhanced with new search and
                 and display fields
NEWS 11 JUN 28 Price changes in full-text patent databases EPFULL and
PCTFULL
NEWS 12 JUL 11
                 CHEMSAFE reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 13
         JUl 14
                 FSTA enhanced with Japanese patents
NEWS 14 JUl 19 Coverage of Research Disclosure reinstated in DWPI
NEWS 15 AUG 09 INSPEC enhanced with 1898-1968 archive
NEWS 16 AUG 28 ADISCTI Reloaded and Enhanced
NEWS 17 AUG 30
                 CA(SM)/CAplus(SM) Austrian patent law changes
NEWS 18 SEP 11
                 CA/CAplus enhanced with more pre-1907 records
NEWS 19
         SEP 21
                 CA/CAplus fields enhanced with simultaneous left and right
                 truncation
NEWS 20
         SEP 25
                 CA(SM)/CAplus(SM) display of CA Lexicon enhanced
NEWS 21
         SEP 25
                CAS REGISTRY(SM) no longer includes Concord 3D coordinates
NEWS 22
         SEP 25 CAS REGISTRY(SM) updated with amino acid codes for
pyrrolysine
NEWS 23 SEP 28 CEABA-VTB classification code fields reloaded with new
                 classification scheme
```

NEWS EXPRESS JUNE 30 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.01b, CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP), AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 26 JUNE 2006.

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=> file reg
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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chain nodes :
7  8  9 10 11 12 13 15 16 17 18 19
ring nodes :
1  2  3  4  5  6
chain bonds :
1-16 1-17 2-11 4-12 4-13 6-7 7-8 7-18 7-19 8-9 8-10 9-15
ring bonds :
1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6
exact/norm bonds :
1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 8-9 8-10 9-15
exact bonds :
1-16 1-17 2-11 4-12 4-13 6-7 7-8 7-18 7-19
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### G1:Cy,Ak

#### Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:CLASS 11:CLASS 12:CLASS 13:CLASS 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 18:CLASS 19:CLASS

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L1
      STRUCTURE UPLOADED
=> s 11
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 12:46:54 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 217 TO ITERATE
100.0% PROCESSED 217 ITERATIONS
                                                               20 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01
FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
                       BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS:
                            3457 TO 5223
PROJECTED ANSWERS:
                              132 TO
L2
            20 SEA SSS SAM L1
=> s l1 ful
FULL SEARCH INITIATED 12:47:00 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 3896 TO ITERATE
100.0% PROCESSED 3896 ITERATIONS
                                                              424 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01
L3
           424 SEA SSS FUL L1
=> s 13 and (process or synthes? or make or made or prepar? or method)
           65 PROCESS
           15 PROCESSES
           80 PROCESS
                 (PROCESS OR PROCESSES)
         1963 SYNTHES?
            5 MAKE
            1 MAKES
            6 MAKE
                (MAKE OR MAKES)
           17 MADE
          212 PREPAR?
            6 METHOD
L4
            0 L3 AND (PROCESS OR SYNTHES? OR MAKE OR MADE OR PREPAR? OR
METHOD
              )
=> file caplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
                                                SINCE FILE
                                                              TOTAL
                                                    ENTRY
                                                            SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST
                                                    197.26
                                                             197.47
FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:49:25 ON 08 OCT 2006
```

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 8 Oct 2006 VOL 145 ISS 16 FILE LAST UPDATED: 6 Oct 2006 (20061006/ED)

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http://www.cas.org/infopolicy.html

=> s 13 L5 185 L3

=> s 14 and (process or synthes? or make or made or prepar? or method)

0 L4

2318870 PROCESS

1574126 PROCESSES

3460959 PROCESS

(PROCESS OR PROCESSES)

1566172 SYNTHES?

242678 MAKE

187983 MAKES

417542 MAKE

(MAKE OR MAKES)

1235940 MADE

26 MADES

1235961 MADE

(MADE OR MADES)

1689808 PREPAR?

125915 PREP

2217 PREPS

127926 PREP

(PREP OR PREPS)

2037273 PREPD

17 PREPDS

2037285 PREPD

(PREPD OR PREPDS)

129537 PREPG

12 PREPGS

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129548 PREPG
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       2748282 PREPN
       205962 PREPNS
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       4822113 PREPAR?
                 (PREPAR? OR PREP OR PREPD OR PREPG OR PREPN)
       3220224 METHOD
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                 (METHOD OR METHODS)
             O L4 AND (PROCESS OR SYNTHES? OR MAKE OR MADE OR PREPAR? OR
METHOD
=> s 15 and (process or synthes? or make or made or prepar? or method)
       2318870 PROCESS
       1574126 PROCESSES
       3460959 PROCESS
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       1566172 SYNTHES?
        242678 MAKE
        187983 MAKES
        417542 MAKE
                 (MAKE OR MAKES)
       1235940 MADE
            26 MADES
       1235961 MADE
                 (MADE OR MADES)
       1689808 PREPAR?
        125915 PREP
          2217 PREPS
        127926 PREP
                 (PREP OR PREPS)
       2037273 PREPD
           17 PREPDS
       2037285 PREPD
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                 (PREPN OR PREPNS)
       4822113 PREPAR?
                 (PREPAR? OR PREP OR PREPD OR PREPG OR PREPN)
       3220224 METHOD
       1308698 METHODS
       4160145 METHOD
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(METHOD OR METHODS)
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METHOD
=> s 17 and catalyst
        737107 CATALYST
        739685 CATALYSTS
        946271 CATALYST
                 (CATALYST OR CATALYSTS)
L8
            29 L7 AND CATALYST
=> s 17 and phase transfer catalyst or phase transition catalyst
       1706315 PHASE
        356162 PHASES
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                 (PHASE OR PHASES)
        789993 TRANSFER
         26222 TRANSFERS
        802718 TRANSFER
                 (TRANSFER OR TRANSFERS)
        737107 CATALYST
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                 (PHASE (W) TRANSFER (W) CATALYST)
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        952386 TRANSITION
        257920 TRANSITIONS
       1063968 TRANSITION
                 (TRANSITION OR TRANSITIONS)
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            61 PHASE TRANSITION CATALYST
                 (PHASE (W) TRANSITION (W) CATALYST)
L9
            64 L7 AND PHASE TRANSFER CATALYST OR PHASE TRANSITION CATALYST
=> dup rem 19 18
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L9
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L8
L10
             90 DUP REM L9 L8 (3 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
=> d l10 ibib hitstr abs 1-90
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L10 ANSWER 2 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:296026 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:331255

TITLE: Process for the preparation of

pyrrole derivative atorvastatin

INVENTOR(S): Joshi, Narendra Shriram; Bhirud, Shekhar Bhaskar;

Damle, Subhash Vishwanath

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Glenmark Pharmaceuticals Limited, India

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 20 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.					KIN	D	DATE APPLICATION NO.						DATE				
	WO	2006	0329	 59		A2	_	2006	0330	1	WO 2	005-	<u>-</u> IB23	 48		21	0050	805.
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
			CN,	co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
								ID,										
			LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,
								PG,										
								TN,										
				ZM,											•			-
		RW:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,
								MC,										
								GN,										
								NA,										
				ΚZ,														
PRIOR	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:						1	US 2	004-	5993	82P	]	P 20	00408	806			
								i	US 2	004-	5993	83P	]	P 20	00408	806		

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 144:331255; MARPAT 144:331255

ΙT 125995-13-3

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (process for preparation of atorvastatin)

RN 125995-13-3 CAPLUS

1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(2-aminoethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, CN 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (4R,6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

Absolute stereochemistry.

AB The invention relates to a process for the preparation of pyrroles or their pharmaceutically-acceptable salts which involves reacting an amino compound H2NCH2CH2CH(OR)CH2CH(OR)CH2CO2R1 (each R is independently H or a hydrolyzable protecting group or combine to form a hydrolyzable cyclic protecting group; R1 is H, alkyl or a cation) with

diketone R2COCHR3CHR4COR5 [R2 is 1- or 2-naphthyl, cycloalkyl, norbornenyl, (un) substituted aryl, benzyl, 2-, 3-, or 4-pyridinyl or N-oxide; R3, R4 are independently H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, (un) substituted aryl, cyano, trifluoromethyl or carbamoyl; R5 is alkyl, cycloalkyl or trifluoromethyl] in the presence of a catalyst in at least one solvent. An example describes the synthesis of atorvastatin calcium salt by treating (4R-cis)-1,1-dimethylethyl

6-(2-aminoethyl)-2,2dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4-acetate with 2-[1-phenyl-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2oxoethyl]-4-methyl-N-phenyl-3-oxo pentanamide in heptane/THF/toluene in the presence of heptanoic acid, followed by hydrolysis using indion 525 resin.

L10 ANSWER 3 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:13869 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:108142

TITLE: Chemoselective catalytic oxidative processes

to produce aldehyde group-containing intermediates

for

rosuvastatin preparation

INVENTOR(S): Gudipati, Srinivasulu; Katkam, Srinivas; Sagyam,

Rajeshwar Reddy; Kudavalli, Jaya Satyanaraya

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): India

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 4 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2006004200	A1	20060105	US 2005-157552	20050621
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2004-581480P P	20040621

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 144:108142

IT 124655-09-0

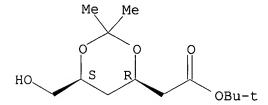
)

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (chemoselective catalytic oxidative processes to produce aldehyde group-containing intermediates for rosuvastatin preparation

RN 124655-09-0 CAPLUS

CN D-erythro-Hexonic acid, 2,4-dideoxy-3,5-O-(1-methylethylidene)-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



AB Intermediate compds. [e.g., tert-Bu 2-[(4R,6S)-6-formyl-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-

dioxan-4-yl]acetate] for preparing rosuvastatin are prepd . by a process comprising chemoselectively oxidizing hydroxymethyl groups [e.g., tert-Bu (4R-cis)-6-(hydroxymethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4-acetate] into aldehyde groups using sodium hypochlorite as the oxidant and 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidinyloxy free radical as a catalyst.

L10 ANSWER 11 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:965237 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:410757 TITLE: Process for the preparation of (4-hydroxy-6-oxo-tetrahydropyran-2-yl) acetonitrile and derivatives thereof INVENTOR(S): Mink, Daniel; Wolberg, Michael; Boesten, Wilhelmus Hubertus Joseph; Sereinig, Natascha PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): DSM IP Assets B.V., Neth. SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ WO 2004096788 A1 20041111 WO 2004-NL284 20040428 AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG AU 2004234308 A1 20041111 AU 2004-234308 20040428 CA 2524457 20041111 CA 2004-2524457 AA 20040428 EP 1620423 Α1 20060201 EP 2004-730128 20040428 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK BR 2004009866 A BR 2004-9866 20060516 20040428 CN 1780826 20060531 Α CN 2004-80011792 20040428 NO 2005005694 Α 20060202 NO 2005-5694 20051201 A 20030502 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: EP 2003-101227 WO 2004-NL284 W 20040428 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 141:410757; MARPAT 141:410757 IT 714963-28-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);

RACT

(Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and saponification of; preparation of

(4-hydroxy-6-oxotetrahydropyran-2-yl)acetonitrile and derivs.

thereof)

RN 714963-28-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(cyanomethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, methyl ester, (4R,6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 125971-94-0P 791115-50-9P, [6-(Cyanomethyl)-2,2-dimethyl1,3-dioxan-4-yl]acetic acid methyl ester 791115-51-0P,
[6-(Cyanomethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxan-4-yl]acetic acid ethyl ester
791115-53-2P, [6-(Cyanomethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxan-4-yl]acetic
acid isopropyl ester 791115-54-3P, [6-(Cyanomethyl)-2,2-dimethyl1,3-dioxan-4-yl]acetic acid propyl ester 791115-55-4P,
[6-(2-Aminoethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxan-4-yl]acetic acid methyl ester
791115-56-5P, [6-(2-Aminoethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxan-4yl]acetic acid ethyl ester 791115-57-6P, [6-(2-Aminoethyl)-2,2dimethyl-1,3-dioxan-4-yl]acetic acid isopropyl ester 791115-58-7P
, [6-(2-Aminoethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxan-4-yl]acetic acid propyl
ester

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of (4-hydroxy-6-oxotetrahydropyran-2-yl)acetonitrile and derivs. thereof)

RN 125971-94-0 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(cyanomethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (4R,6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 791115-50-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(cyanomethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{Me} & \text{Me} \\ \hline \text{O} & \text{O} \\ \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 - \text{C-OMe} \\ \end{array}$$

RN 791115-51-0 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(cyanomethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 791115-53-2 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(cyanomethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, 1-methylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 791115-54-3 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(cyanomethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 791115-55-4 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(2-aminoethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 791115-56-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(2-aminoethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{Me} & \text{Me} \\ \hline \\ \text{O} & \text{O} \\ \text{O} & \text{O} \\ \text{H}_2\text{N}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2 \\ \end{array}$$

RN 791115-57-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(2-aminoethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, 1-methylethyl

ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{Me} & \text{Me} \\ \hline \\ \text{O} & \text{O} \\ \\ \text{H}_2\text{N}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2 \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2-\text{C}-\text{OPr-i} \\ \end{array}$$

RN 791115-58-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(2-aminoethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{Me} & \text{Me} \\ \hline \\ \text{O} & \text{O} \\ \text{O} & \text{O} \\ \text{H}_2\text{N}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2 \\ \end{array}$$

GΙ

III

AB The invention relates to a process for the preparation of (4-hydroxy-6-oxotetrahydropyran-2-yl)acetonitrile (I) from 6-X-substituted-methyl-4-hydroxytetrahydro-pyran-2-one II [X = leaving group], by reacting

IV

6-X-substituted-methyl-4-hydroxy-tetrahydro-pyran-2-

one with a cyanide ion (-CN) in water and by subsequent lowering of the pH

to a pH between 0 and 5. (4-hydroxy-6-oxo-tetrahydro-pyran-2-yl)acetonitrile and other compds. obtainable from (4-hydroxy-6-oxo-tetrahydro-pyran-2-yl)acetonitrile may suitably be used in the preparation of a pharmaceutical preparation, more in particular in the preparation of statins, more in particular in the preparation of Atorvastatine or a salt thereof, for instance its calcium salt.

The

invention also relates to (4-hydroxy-6-oxo-tetrahydro-pyran-2-yl)acetonitrile and other compds. obtainable there from, such as atorvastatin. Thus,.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 12 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:95663 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:146148

TITLE: Improved preparation of optically active

6-sulfonyloxymethyl-1,3-dioxane-4-ylacetates as intermediates for HMG CoA reductase inhibitors Kishimoto, Shigeki; Nishiyama, Akira; Nagashima,

INVENTOR(S): Kishimoto, Shigeki

Nobuo; Inoue, Kenji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kanegafuchi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 20 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004035514 WO 2004011420	A2 A1	20040205 20040205	JP 2002-198020 WO 2003-JP8572	20020705 20030707

W: CA, IN, US

RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,

IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2002-198020 A 20020705

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:146148

136006-37-6P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(optically active; preparation of optically active

(sulfonyloxymethyl)dioxanylacetates as intermediates for HMG CoA reductase inhibitors)

136006-37-6 CAPLUS RN

D-erythro-Hexonic acid, 2,4-dideoxy-3,5-0-(1-methylethylidene)-, CN

1,1-dimethylethyl ester, 4-methylbenzenesulfonate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

GΙ

AB Optically active title compds. I [R1, R2 = (un)substituted C1-12 alkyl, (un)substituted C6-12 aryl, (un)substituted C7-12 aralkyl; R3, R4 = H, C1-12 alkyl, C6-12 aryl, C7-12 aralkyl; R3R4 may form ring] are prepared by sulfonylation of optically active HOCH2CH(OH)CH2COCH2CO2R1 (R1 = same as above) in the presence of bases, stereoselective reduction of the resulting optically active R2SO3CH2CH(OH)CH2COCH2CO2R1 (R1, R2 = same as above), and acetalization in

the presence of acid catalysts. Thus, tert-Bu

(5S)-5,6-dihydroxy-3-oxohexanoate was tosylated and hydrogenated with NaBH4 in the presence of Et2BOMe to give tert-Bu (3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-6-

[(p-methylphenyl)sulfonyloxy]hexanoate. Cyclization of the product in the

presence of pyridinium p-toluenesulfonate gave the corresponding dioxane

derivative

L10 ANSWER 13 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:1009717 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:425576

TITLE: Asymmetric hydrogenation catalyst

INVENTOR(S): Proctor, Lee David; Warr, Antony John; Lathom,

Elliot

James

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Phoenix Chemicals Limited, UK SOURCE: Brit. UK Pat. Appl., 18 pp.

CODEN: BAXXDU

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.					KIND DATE			i	APPL	ICAT:	ION 1	NO.		Di	ATE	TE				
GB 24	4018	864			A1		2004	1124		GB 2	003-	1165	 8		2	20030521				
AU 2004241183				<b>A</b> 1		2004	1202	1	AU 2004-241183						20040426					
CA 2526497				AA		20041202 CA 2004-2526497							20040426							
WO 2004103560					A1		2004	1202	1	WO 2	004-0	GB17	55		20	20040426				
V	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,			
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,			
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,			
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F	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,			
		ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,			
		EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,			
		SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,			
		SN,	TD,	TG																
EP 1628762				A1		2006	0301		EP 2	004-	7294	54		2	0040	426				

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,

IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 2003-11658 A 20030521

WO 2004-GB1755 W 20040426

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 141:425576

IT 154026-94-5P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)

(asym. hydrogenation catalyst)

RN 154026-94-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(chloromethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-,

1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (4R,6S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

AB The present invention concerns a catalytic composition comprising a catalyst effective for catalyzing asym. hydrogenation reactions, which catalyst requires acid activation, an acidic material effective for activating the catalyst, and a buffering compound or composition capable of forming, in the presence of the acidic material, an

acetal, a ketal, a hemiacetal, and/or a hemiketal. The invention also relates to an asym. hydrogenation process utilizing such a catalytic composition, and to the use of such a catalytic composition

for improving

the enantiomeric excess of a desired asym. hydrogenated product.

REFERENCE COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 14 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:356390 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:88974

TITLE: Development of an efficient, scalable,

aldolase-catalyzed process for

enantioselective synthesis of statin

intermediates

AUTHOR(S): Greenberg, William A.; Varvak, Alexander; Hanson,

Sarah R.; Wong, Kelvin; Huang, Hongjun; Chen, Pei;

Burk, Mark J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Diversa Corporation, San Diego, CA, 92121, USA

PUBLISHER:

SOURCE: Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of

the

United States of America (2004), 101(16), 5788-5793

CODEN: PNASA6; ISSN: 0027-8424 National Academy of Sciences

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 141:88974

IT 714963-28-7P

RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(development of efficient scalable aldolase-catalyzed process for enantioselective synthesis of statin intermediates)

RN 714963-28-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(cyanomethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, methyl ester, (4R,6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

GI

AB A process is reported for efficient, enantioselective production of key intermediates, e.g. hexanoic acid I, for the common chiral side chain

of statin-type cholesterol-lowering drugs such as Lipitor (atorvastatin)

and Crestor (rosuvastatin). The process features a one-pot tandem aldol reaction catalyzed by a deoxyribose-5-phosphate aldolase (DERA) to form a 6-carbon intermediate with installation of two stereogenic centers from 2-carbon starting materials. An improvement

of

almost 400-fold in volumetric productivity relative to the published enzymic reaction conditions has been achieved, resulting in a com. attractive process that has been run on up to a 100-g scale in a single batch at a rate of 30.6 g/L per h. Catalyst load has been improved by 10-fold as well, from 20 to 2.0 wt % DERA. These improvements were achieved by a combination of discovery from

environmental DNA of DERAs with improved activity and reaction optimization to overcome substrate inhibition. The two stereogenic centers are set by DERA with enantiomeric excess at >99.9% and diastereomeric excess at 96.6%. In addition, down-stream chemical steps have

been developed to convert the enzymic product efficiently to versatile intermediates applicable to preparation of atorvastatin and rosuvastatin.

REFERENCE COUNT:

21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 15 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:153542 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:357089

TITLE: Sequential aldol condensation catalyzed by DERA

mutant

Ser238Asp and a formal total synthesis of

atorvastatin

AUTHOR(S): Liu, Junjie; Hsu, Che-Chang; Wong, Chi-Huey

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry and the Skaggs Institute

for

Chemical Biology, The Scripps Research Institute,

La

Jolla, CA, 92037, USA

SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (2004), 45(11), 2439-2441

CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:357089

IT 682356-86-1P 682356-88-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);

RACT

(Reactant or reagent)

(synthesis of atorvastatin)

RN 682356-86-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(2-azidoethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, methyl ester,

(4R,6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 682356-88-3 CAPLUS
CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(2-azidoethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-,
1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (4R,6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 125995-13-3P 676260-66-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (synthesis of atorvastatin)

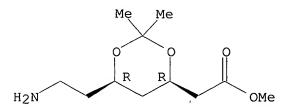
RN 125995-13-3 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(2-aminoethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (4R,6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 676260-66-5 CAPLUS
CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(2-aminoethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, methyl ester,
(4R,6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



AB A mutant d-2-deoxyribose-5-phosphate aldolase (DERA), Ser238Asp, was used

to prepare  $\beta$ -hydroxy- $\delta$ -lactol synthons and a key intermediate for atorvastatin synthesis.

REFERENCE COUNT:

14

THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

**FORMAT** 

L10 ANSWER 16 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:288770 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:6961

TITLE:

Strategy for enantio- and diastereoselective syntheses of all possible stereoisomers of 1,3-polyol arrays based on a highly catalyst -controlled epoxidation of  $\alpha, \beta$ -unsaturated

morpholinyl amides: application to natural product

synthesis

AUTHOR(S):

Tosaki, Shin-ya; Horiuchi, Yoshihiro; Nemoto, Tetsuhiro; Ohshima, Takashi; Shibasaki, Masakatsu Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, The

CORPORATE SOURCE:

University of Tokyo, Tokyo, 113-0033, Japan

SOURCE:

Chemistry--A European Journal (2004), 10(6),

1527-1544

PUBLISHER:

CODEN: CEUJED; ISSN: 0947-6539 Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Journal English

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 141:6961

502690-42-8P 502690-43-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT

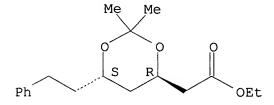
(Reactant or reagent) (asym. and diastereoselective syntheses of all stereoisomers of 1,3-polyols via Sm-(S)-BINOL-Ph3AsO-catalyzed epoxidn. of morpholinyl amides and application to natural product synthesis

502690-42-8 CAPLUS RN

1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 2,2-dimethyl-6-(2-phenylethyl)-, ethyl CN ester,

(4R, 6S) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



502690-43-9 CAPLUS RN

1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 2,2-dimethyl-6-(2-phenylethyl)-, ethyl CN ester,

(4S, 6S) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

GΙ

AB We describe a new strategy for enantio- and diastereoselective syntheses of all possible stereoisomers of 1,3-polyol arrays. This strategy relies on a highly catalyst-controlled epoxidn. of  $\alpha,\beta$ -unsatd. morpholinyl amides, e.g. I, promoted by the Sm-BINOL-Ph3As=O (1:1:1) complex, followed by a conversion of morpholinyl

amides into ketones and diastereoselective ketone reduction Highly enantio-

(up to >99% ee) or diastereoselective (up to >99.5:0.5) epoxidn. was achieved using 5-10 mol% of the Sm complex to afford synthetically very useful, nearly optically pure  $\alpha,\beta$ -epoxy morpholinyl amides.

Stereoselectivity of the epoxidn. was controlled by the chirality of  ${\tt BINOL}$ 

with overwhelming inherent diastereofacial preference for the substrate.

Combination with the syn- and anti-selective ketone reduction with the highly

catalyst-controlled epoxidn. allowed for an iterative strategy for the syntheses of all possible stereoisomers of 1,3-polyol arrays. Eight possible stereoisomers of 1,3,5,7-tetraol arrays were synthesized with high to excellent stereoselectivity. Moreover, the efficiency of the present strategy was successfully demonstrated by enantioselective syntheses of several 1,3-polyol/ $\alpha$ -pyrone natural products, for example, cryptocaryolone diacetate.

natural products, for example, cryptocaryolone diacetate.

REFERENCE COUNT: 129 THERE ARE 129 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE

RE

FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 17 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:511315 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:85359

TITLE: Process for the preparation of

optically active 2-[6-(substituted

alkyl)-1,3-dioxan-4-yl]acetates from chiral epoxybutanoates and vinylmagnesium bromide or

chloride.

INVENTOR(S): Lee, Inhee; Lee, Seungjoo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Choongwae Pharma Corporation, S. Korea

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.					KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION 1	NO.		DATE		
	WO	2003	0539	50		A1	_	2003	0703		WO 2	002-:	KR15	40		2	0020	813
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
			co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,
			GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KΖ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,
			LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PH,	PL,
			PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,
			ŪG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	zw							
		RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,
			KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,
			FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	ΙΤ,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,
			CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	ΤG			
	KR	2003	0509	40		Α		2003	0625		KR 2	001-	8165	9		2	0011	220
	ΑU	2002	3255	70		A1		2003	0709		AU 2	002-	3255	70		2	0020	813
	JP	2005	5190	45		<b>T</b> 2		2005	0630		JP 2	003-	5546	66		2	0020	813
	US	2005	1487	84		A1		2005	0707		US 2	003-	<u>5000</u> :	23		2	0020	813
PRIO	RITY	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:						KR 20	001-	8165	9	1	A 2	0011	220
										. 1	WO 2	002-1	KR15	40	1	₩ 2	0020	813

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 139:85359; MARPAT 139:85359

IT 154026-95-6P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation of optically active dioxanacetates from chiral epoxybutanoates and vinylmagnesium bromide or chloride)

RN 154026-95-6 CAPLUS

CN D-erythro-Hexonic acid, 2,4-dideoxy-3,5-O-(1-methylethylidene)-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, acetate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 124655-09-0P 125971-94-0P 125995-13-3P,
 (4R-cis)-1,1-Dimethylethyl 6-(2-aminoethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4acetate
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
 (Preparation)
 (preparation of optically active dioxanacetates from chiral
 epoxybutanoates and vinylmagnesium bromide or chloride)
RN 124655-09-0 CAPLUS
CN D-erythro-Hexonic acid, 2,4-dideoxy-3,5-O-(1-methylethylidene)-,
1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 125971-94-0 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(cyanomethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (4R,6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 125995-13-3 CAPLUS CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(2-aminoethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (4R,6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

GI

$$R^3$$
 $CO_2R^1$ 
 $CO_2R^1$ 

AB Title compds. [I; R1 = H, alkyl, aryl, alkylaryl; R2, R3 = alkyl, Ph; R2R3

= atoms to form a 6-membered ring; R4 = OH, amino, alkylamino, N3, cyano,

halo, aryloxy, alkoxy, arylalkyloxy, alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, aminomethyl, etc.], were prepared via (a) reacting an epoxide (II) with

vinylmagnesium bromide/chloride to produce a 3-hydroxy compound (III); (b) protecting the OH group by reaction with a dialkyl dicarbonate such as di-tert-Bu dicarbonate to produce (IV); (c) cyclization of IV by a iodolactone-forming reaction to produce (V); (d) treating V with a weak base such as K2CO3 or Na2CO3 to produce (VI); (e) producing a 1,3-diol compound of formula (VII) by a ring opening reaction of VI with nucleophiles in the presence of a metal catalyst and a phase transfer catalyst; (f) treating VII with an acetylating agent or a ketalizing agent in the presence of an acid catalyst and if necessary, exchanging the R4 group (all variables as above). REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L10 ANSWER 18 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:42238 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:106243 TITLE: Process for the preparation of nitrile compounds by cyanation of optionally protected dihydroxy alkanesulfonates in the presence of phase transfer catalysts, and its application to the preparation of an atorvastatin intermediate. Blacker, Andrew John; Houson, Ian Nicholas; Wiffen, INVENTOR(S): Jonathan William PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Avecia Limited, UK SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 17 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. -----\_\_\_\_ --<del>--</del>---------WO 2002-GB2964 WO 2003004459 A2 20030116 20020627 **A3** WO 2003004459 20030501 AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB,

GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AA

CA 2452683

GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,

20030116 CA 2002-2452683

20020627

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EP 1404646
                          A2
                                 20040407
                                             EP 2002-740915
                                                                     20020627
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
     CN 1522242
                          Α
                                 20040818
                                             CN 2002-813106
                                                                     20020627
     JP 2004533483
                          T2
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                                                                     20020627
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             GB 2001-16212
                                                                  A 20010703
                                             WO 2002-GB2964
                                                                     20020627
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OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 138:106243; MARPAT 138:106243

IT 135054-68-1P, (6S-Methanesulfonyloxymethyl-2,2-dimethyl[1,3]dioxan-4R-yl)-acetic acid tert-butyl ester 477873-79-3P,
(6S-Trifluoromethanesulfonyloxymethyl-2,2-dimethyl-[1,3]dioxan-4Ryl)acetic acid tert-butyl ester 485817-64-9P,

(6S-Fluoromethanesulfonyloxymethyl-2,2-dimethyl-[1,3]dioxan-4R-yl)acetic
 acid tert-butyl ester 485817-65-0P, (6S Difluoromethanesulfonyloxymethyl-2,2-dimethyl-[1,3]dioxan-4R-yl)acetic
 acid tert-butyl ester
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic
 preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (process intermediate; improved preparation of nitriles
 by mesylation of alcs. and cyanation of mesylates using phase
 transfer catalysts for preparation of key
 atorvastatin intermediate)

RN 135054-68-1 CAPLUS

CN D-erythro-Hexonic acid, 2,4-dideoxy-3,5-0-(1-methylethylidene)-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, methanesulfonate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 477873-79-3 CAPLUS

CN D-erythro-Hexonic acid, 2,4-dideoxy-3,5-O-(1-methylethylidene)-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, trifluoromethanesulfonate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 485817-64-9 CAPLUS

CN D-erythro-Hexonic acid, 2,4-dideoxy-3,5-O-(1-methylethylidene)-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, fluoromethanesulfonate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 485817-65-0 CAPLUS

CN D-erythro-Hexonic acid, 2,4-dideoxy-3,5-0-(1-methylethylidene)-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, difluoromethanesulfonate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 124655-09-0, (6S-Hydroxymethyl-2,2-dimethyl-[1,3]dioxan-4Ryl)acetic acid tert-butyl ester
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (starting material; improved preparation of nitriles by mesylation
 of alcs. and cyanation of mesylates using phase
 transfer catalysts for preparation of key
 atorvastatin intermediate)
RN 124655-09-0 CAPLUS

CN D-erythro-Hexonic acid, 2,4-dideoxy-3,5-0-(1-methylethylidene)-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 125971-94-0P, (6R-Cyanomethyl-2,2-dimethyl-[1,3]dioxan-4R-yl)-acetic acid tert-butyl ester

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(target intermediate; improved preparation of nitriles by mesylation of alcs. and cyanation of mesylates using phase transfer catalysts for preparation of key atorvastatin intermediate)

RN 125971-94-0 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(cyanomethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (4R,6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

GΙ

alc.

Me Me
O O O
R
OBu-t IV

AB A process is provided for the preparation of a nitrile I by

(a) reaction of an alc. II, in a solvent and in the presence of a base, with a sulfonylating agent R4SO2X, to give an alkanesulfonate III, and (b)

reaction of the latter with a cyanide source in the presence of a phase-transfer catalyst [wherein: R1 = H, optionally substituted acyl, alkyl, aryl, or heteroaryl; R2, R3 = H, hydroxy protecting group; R4 = optionally substituted alkyl, aryl, or heteroaryl; X = halogen]. The process is particularly applicable to the preparation of the well-known hypolipidemic and hypocholesterolemic agent atorvastatin. Previous processes for cyanation of similar sulfonate esters containing a 1,3-dioxane ring are extremely slow and potentially involve unstable intermediates, both of which are potentially limiting to com. application. For example, the

IV [R = OH] was treated with MeSO2Cl and Et3N in PhMe at  $22\pm6^{\circ}$  and stirred for 1 h to give 92-95% IV [R = OSO2Me]. This mesylate reacted

with KCN in an aqueous slurry in the presence of dicyclohexano-18-crown-6 (

III

phase-transfer catalyst) at 35-80°

until complete (24 h, 80% reaction yield by GLC). Extraction into PhMe,

filtration through Fuller's earth to decolorize the product and remove catalyst, evaporation, and recrystn. from hexane, gave crystalline IV [R = cyano] in

60% yield. A similar invention run in a borate buffer took over  $65\ h$  and

gave a slightly lower yield. In contrast, a comparison cyanation using NaCN in DMSO at  $45^{\circ}$  for 192 h gave powdered I [R = cyano] after recrystn. in only 51% isolated yield.

L10 ANSWER 19 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:509915 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:69272

TITLE: Esterification process using phase-transfer

phosphium compound catalysts for the

preparation of 2-(6-substituted-1,3-dioxane-4-

yl) acetic acid derivatives

INVENTOR(S):

Hof, Robert Patrick

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DSM N.V., Neth. Eur. Pat. Appl., 9 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

DATENT	INFORMATION:
PAILNI	INCORMATION:

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ΕP	1323	717			<b>A</b> 1		2003	0702		ΕP	20	001-	794	,-		2	0011		
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					LV,														
	2470				AA												0021		
WO																	20021209		
	W:																CH,		
		co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	ΕC	Ξ,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	
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		PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SF	ζ,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	
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		FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NI	٠,	PT,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	
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AU	2002	3590	93		A1		2003	0730		ΑU	20	002-3	3590	93		2	0021	209	
ΕP	1461	331			A1		2004	0929		ΕP	20	002-	7935	96		2	0021	209	
ΕP	1461	331			В1		2006	0308											
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GF	٦,	ΙΤ,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
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BR	2002	0153	10		Α		2004	1221		BR	20	002-3	1531	0		2	0021	209	
	1608																0021	209	
US	2005	0906	74		A1		2005	0428		US	20	003-5	5012	50		2	0021	209	
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	3197	01			E		2006	0315		ΑT	20	002-	7935	96		2	0021: 0021:	209	
ZA	2004	0044	82		Α		2005	0926		ZA	20	004-4	4482			2	0040	607	
	2004				Α					NO	20	04-3	3159			2	0040		
RIORITY	APP:	LN.	INFO	.:						ΕP	20	01-	794			A 2	0011	227	
									,	WO	20	002-1	NL87	6		W 2	0021	209	

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 139:69272; MARPAT 139:69272 154026-94-5

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (esterification process using phase-transfer phosphium compound catalysts for the preparation of 2-(6-substituted-1,3-dioxane-4yl) acetic acid derivs.)

RN 154026-94-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(chloromethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (4R,6S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

IT 154026-95-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (esterification process using phase-transfer phosphium compound catalysts for the preparation of 2-(6-substituted-1,3-dioxane-4-yl) acetic acid derivs.)

RN 154026-95-6 CAPLUS

CN D-erythro-Hexonic acid, 2,4-dideoxy-3,5-O-(1-methylethylidene)-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, acetate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

GΙ

AB 2-(6-Substituted-1,3-dioxane-4-yl) acetic acid derivs. [I; R1-R3 = C1-4 alkyl; R1R2 = 5- or 6-member cycloalkyl ring; Y = R4CO, R5SO2; R4, R5 = alkyl, aryl; e.g., tert-Bu 2-[(4R,6S)-2,2-dimethyl-6-

[(methylcarbonyloxy)methyl]-1,3-dioxan-4-yl]acetate] are prepared in high yield and selectivity by the reaction of an oxylation agent (OY) nM

(M = Group IA metal, Group IIA metal; n = 1, 2; e.g., potassium acetate)

with the corresponding halogen-containing substrate [II; X = halogen; e.g.,

tert-Bu

2-[(4R,6S)-6-(chloromethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxan-4-yl]acetate]

in the presence of a phosphonium salt phase-transfer

catalyst (e.g., tetrabutylphosphonium bromide).

REFERENCE COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

**FORMAT** 

L10 ANSWER 22 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:625703 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:78192

TITLE: Process for preparing tert-butyl

(4R, 6R) - [6 - (2-aminoethyl) - 2, 2-dimethyl [1, 3] dioxan - 4-

yl]acetate and intermediates for its

preparation

INVENTOR(S):
Radl, Stanislav

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Leciva, A. S., Czech Rep.

SOURCE:

Czech Rep., 10 pp.

CODEN: CZXXED

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Czech

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CZ 292221	B6	20030813	CZ 2001-2431	20010629
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CZ 2001-2431	20010629

IT 619261-21-1P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (process for preparing tert-Bu (4R,6R)-[6-(2-

aminoethyl)-2,2-dimethyl[1,3]dioxan-4-yl]acetate and intermediates

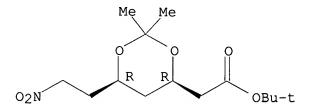
for

its preparation)

RN 619261-21-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 2,2-dimethyl-6-(2-nitroethyl)-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (4R,6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



IT 125995-13-3P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(process for preparing tert-Bu (4R,6R)-[6-(2-

aminoethyl)-2,2-dimethyl[1,3]dioxan-4-yl]acetate and intermediates

for

its preparation)

RN 125995-13-3 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(2-aminoethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (4R,6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

GΙ

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB The present invention relates to a process for preparing tert-Bu (4R,6R)-[6-(2-aminoethyl)-2,2-dimethyl[1,3]dioxan-4-yl]acetate (I), an intermediate for synthesis of atorvastatin, which comprises (a) reacting tert-Bu

(4R, 6S) - (6-formyl-2, 2-dimethyl[1, 3]dioxan-4-

yl)acetate (II) with nitromethane in a suitable solvent, preferably in

lower alc., under catalysis, preferably KF, (b) reacting tert-Bu [6-(1-hydroxy-2-nitroethyl)-2,2-dimethyl[1,3]dioxan-4-yl]acetate (III) with an carboxylic acid anhydride, (c) reducing the obtained tert-Bu [6-(1-acyloxy-2-nitroethyl)-2,2-dimethyl[1,3]dioxan-4-yl]acetate IV [R

alkyl] with NaBH4 in a suitable medium, such as aqueous medium, water-alc.

medium or alc. medium, and (d) subjecting the obtained tert-Bu [2,2-dimethyl-6-(2-nitroethyl)[1,3]dioxan-4-yl]acetate (V) to hydrogenation under catalysts such as Raney nickel, palladium, or platinum in suitable solvents such as lower alcs., to obtain (4R,6R)-I.

L10 ANSWER 24 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:72081 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:118454

TITLE: Preparation of 2-(6-substituted-1,3-dioxane-

4-yl)acetates

INVENTOR(S): Kooistra, Jacob Hermanus Mattheus Hero; Zeegers,

Hubertus Josephus Marie; Mink, Daniel; Mulders,

Joannes Maria Cornelis Antonius

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): DSM N.V., Neth.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 17 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

## PATENT INFORMATION:

PA:	PATENT NO.						DATE				LICAT					DATE	
WO		AE, CO, GM, LS, RO,	AG, CR, HR, LT, RU,	AL, CU, HU, LU, SD,	A1 AM, CZ, ID, LV,	AT, DE, IL, MA, SG,	2002 AU, DK, IN, MD,	0124 AZ, DM, IS, MG,	BA, DZ, JP, MK,	WO BE EC KE MN	2001- 3, BG, C, EE, C, KG, MW, T, TM,	NL53 BR, ES, KP, MX,	BY, FI, KR, MZ,	BZ, GB, KZ, NO,	CA GD LC NZ	, GE, , LK, , PL,	CN, GH, LR, PT,
		GH, DE, BJ,	GM, DK, CF,	KE, ES, CG,	LS, FI, CI,	MW, FR, CM,	GB, GA,	GR, GN,	IE, GW,	IT ML	I, TZ, I, LU, I, MR,	MC, NE,	NL, SN,	PT, TD,	SE TG	, TR,	BF,
CA AU EP	2415	744 963 0758 440	30		C2 AA A5 A1		2002 2002 2002 2003	0122 0124 0130 0611		NL CA AU	2000- 2001- 2001- 2001-	1015 2415 7583	744 963 0			20000 20010 20010	712 712
BR JP NZ EE CN RU EP	R: 2001 2004 5237 2003 1680 2266 1700 R: 2003 2003 6870 2003 2005 2006	AT, IE, 0125 5043 03 0002 363 903 854 AT, IE, 00001584 059 0004 1487 2031	BE, SI, 35 15 4 BE, FI, 25 26 78 85 27	CH, CH, CY,	DE, LV, A T2 A A C2 A1 DE,	DK, FI,	ES, RO, 2003 2004 2004 2005 2005 2005 2006 ES,	FR, MK, 0701 0212 0827 1015 1012 1227 0913 FR,	CY,	AL BR JP NZ EE CN RU EP GR NO US	2001- 2002- 2001- 2003- 2005- 2003- 2003- 2003- 2003- 2003- 2003- 2005- 2000- 2006- 2006- 2000-	1253 5121 5237 24 1006 1048 1083 LI,	5 70 03 5744 25 7 LU,	NL,	SE	20010 20010 20010 20010 20010 20010 , MC, 20030 20030	712 712 712 712 712 712 712 PT,
		•									2001 <b>-</b> 2001-					20010 20010	
											2001- 2001-					20010 20010	
										US	2003-	3333	51	i	A1 :	20030	117

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 136:118454; MARPAT 136:118454

IT 154026-94-5P 154026-95-6P 391218-16-9P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of 2-(6-substituted-1,3-dioxane-4-yl)acetates)

154026-94-5 CAPLUS RN

1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(chloromethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, CN 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (4R,6S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN154026-95-6 CAPLUS

CN D-erythro-Hexonic acid, 2,4-dideoxy-3,5-0-(1-methylethylidene)-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, acetate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 391218-16-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(chloromethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, methyl ester,

(4R, 6S) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

124655-09-0P IT

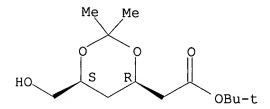
> RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of 2-(6-substituted-1,3-dioxane-4-yl)acetates)

RN

CN D-erythro-Hexonic acid, 2,4-dideoxy-3,5-0-(1-methylethylidene)-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



AΒ RCH2CH(OR4)CH2CH(OR5)CH2CO2R3 (R = leaving group; R4R5 = CR1R2; R1-R3 = C1-3 alkyl) were prepared by treating RCH2CH(OR4)CH2CH(OH)CH2CO2R3 (R3R4 = bond) with an acetalization agent and an acid catalyst. 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

REFERENCE COUNT: THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

**FORMAT** 

2.5 h to give 82% oxydiphthalic acid.

L10 ANSWER 37 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:723026 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:310642

TITLE: Process for producing 6-cyanomethyl-1,3-

dioxane-4-acetic acid derivatives

INVENTOR(S): Mitsuda, Masaru; Miyazaki, Makoto; Inoue, Kenji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kaneka Corp., Japan SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9957109	A1 19991111	WO 1999-JP2272	19990428
W: CA, CN, HU,	IN, JP, NO, US		
RW: AT, BE, CH,	CY, DE, DK, ES,	FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT,	LU, MC, NL,
PT, SE			
CA 2329893	AA 19991111	CA 1999-2329893	19990428
EP 1077212	A1 20010221	EP 1999-917207	19990428
EP 1077212	B1 20030820		
R: BE, CH, DE,	ES, FR, GB, IT,	LI, NL, IE	

ES 2207202 Т3 ES 1999-917207 20040516 19990428 US 6344569 B1 20020205 US 2001-674178 20010102 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1998-121135 19980430 WO 1999-JP2272 19990428 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 131:310642; MARPAT 131:310642 IΤ 125971-94-0P 247592-53-6P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of 6-cyanomethyl-1,3-dioxane-4-acetic acid derivs. as intermediate for HMG CoA reductase inhibitor atorvastatin) RN125971-94-0 CAPLUS CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(cyanomethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (4R,6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 247592-53-6 CAPLUS
CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(cyanomethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-,
1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 247592-52-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Dioxane-4-acetic acid, 6-(chloromethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

GΙ

AB A process whereby 6-cyanomethyl-1,3-dioxane-4-acetic acid derivs. I (R1, R2, R3 = H, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl) which are important intermediates of an HMG CoA reductase inhibitor atorvastatin, can be industrially, easily and efficiently produced. This process comprises starting with a 3,5-dihydroxy-6-halohexane derivative,

treating it

with a cyanation agent to thereby substitute the halogen atom with the cyano group and forming an acetal of a diol by using an acetal-forming agent in the presence of an acid catalyst. Thus,

1,1-dimethylethyl (4R,6S)-6-chloromethyl-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4-acetate was prepared in 2 steps from 1,1-dimethylethyl

(3R,5S)-6-chloro-3,5-dihydroxyhexanoate.

REFERENCE COUNT: 43 THERE ARE 43 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

# RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

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FULL ESTIMATED COST	ENTRY 358.82	SESSION 556.29
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-67.50	-67.50

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